



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Education

DepED
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

RDG C

Office of the Secretary

NOV 22 2006

DepED MEMORANDUM

No. 414, s. 2006

4S STRATEGY AGAINST DENGUE

To: Bureau Directors
Directors of Services/Centers and Heads of Units
Regional Directors
Schools Division/City Superintendents
Heads, Public and Private Elementary and Secondary Schools
Vocational School Administrators

1. Dengue continues to be a major public health concern of our country. As of September 30, 2006, the regions with the highest numbers of dengue cases were found in NCR (6,608); Region III (5,016); Region VII (2,283); Region I (1,585) and CAR (1,307). In light of this situation, this Memorandum is issued to reiterate and reinforce DepED Memorandum No. 290, s. 2006 to ensure that all schools are given the proper information and are actively conducting the 4S Strategy Against Dengue which are:

- Search and destroy mosquito breeding sites
- Seek early treatment
- Self-protection
- Say NO to indiscriminate fogging

2. School officials are hereby instructed to continuously mobilize school health and nutrition personnel to conduct advocacy activities and to see to it that schools sustain the clean-up campaigns to drastically decrease the mosquito population.

3. Enclosed are information sheets on Dengue H-Fever and Guidelines on Fogging Operations for ready reference.

4. Immediate dissemination of this Memorandum is desired.

JESLIA LAPUS
Secretary

Encls.: As stated

Reference: DepED Memorandum: (No. 290, s. 2006)

Allotment: 1—(D.O. 50-97)

To be indicated in the Perpetual Index under the following subjects:

CAMPAIGN

HEALTH EDUCATION

SCHOOLS

Madel:c:dengue

11-10-06

computer used: maricar

**Ano ang dapat gawin
sa inaakalang may
Dengue?**

- Para sa lagnat bigyan ng Paracetamol, punasan ang pasyente ng bimbo na binasa ng tubig para maginhawahan ito at painumin ng maraming tubig.
- Huwag painumin ng Aspirin. Maaaring maging sanhi ito ng pagdugugo.
- Kumunsulta sa doctor sa pinakamalapit na health center o hospital.

**PUKSAIN ANG
KITI-KITI
SUGPUIN ANG
DENIQUE**

*Mga
dapat*

Malaman

Tungkol

sa

D E N G U E

Para sa karagdagang impormasyon,
tumawag sa :

National Center for Disease
Prevention & Control

7116808/7438301 local 2350-2352

**KUNG MAY LAGNAT NG
DALAWANG ARAW,
PUMUNTA AT
KOMUNSULTA AGAD SA
PINAKAMALAPIT NA
HEALTH CENTER O
OSPITAL**



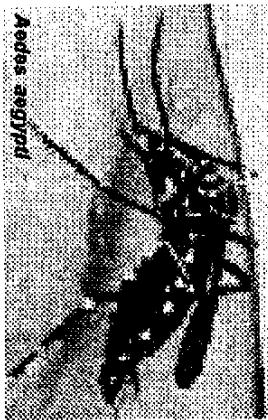
National Center for Health Promotion
Department of Health
Manila

Ano ang Dengue?

Ang dengue ay isang sakit na sanhi ng mikrobyong "Dengue virus".

Paano nakukuha ang Dengue?

Ang dengue ay nakukuha sa kagat ng lamok, na tinatawag na *Aedes aegypti* at *Aedes albopictus*, na meron ng dengue virus na nakuhani niya pagkalapos kumagat sa taong may dengue.



Ano ang mga Palatandaan ng Dengue?

- Sa umpsisa: lagnat na tumatagal ng 3-5 araw, matinding sakit ng ulo, pananakit ng kalamnan at kasukasuan, panghihina, at walang ganang kumain.

- Kasabay ng pagbabba ng lagnat, ay pagiliaw ng mapupuriang buliig - "rashes" - sa iba't ibang parte ng katawan.

- Maaaring magkaroon ng pagdurugo ng ilong at giligid o pagsuka ng dugo o pagdumi nang maitim.

Paano Maiiwasan ang Dengue?

- Ang "fogging" ay pansamantalang paraan lamang ng pag-iwas sa dengue. Ang mabisang pagsugpo ng dengue ay ang pag-alis ng mga lalagyang maaaring pag-ipunan ng tubig at pangitugan ng lamok.

Ang lamok na ito'y nangangagat sa araw at nangingitlog sa ano mang bagay o lalagyang naipunang malinaw na tubig. Ito'y namamahay sa madilim na parte ng loob at paligid ng bahay.

Gawin ang mga sumusunod:

- Butasan o biyakin ang mga lumang gulong upang hindi maipunan ng tubig at pangitugan ng lamok.



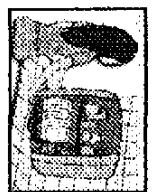
- Takpan ang mga drum, timba at iba pang ipunan ng tubig upang hindi pamahayan ng kitin.



- Palitan ang tubig ng plorera o flower vase minsan isang linggo.



- Linisin ang alulod ng bahay upang hindi maipunan ng tubig at parnahanan ng kitikiti.



- Itapon ang iba pang bagay na maaaring pag-ipunan ng tubig at pangitugan ng lamok tulad ng lata, bote at tansan.



C. Direct all fogs at all possible mosquito resting sites, bushes, covered drains, tree-shaded areas and hedges.

Post fogging

Instruction to homeowners

- a. Conduct clean-up activities such as removal or disposal of all unnecessary containers in the vicinity of their houses. Clean clogged gutters, puncture or cut into halves discarded tires. Do this regularly.

Instruction to fogging team

1. Dispose insecticide containers properly by burying in dug pits away from water sources.
2. Never re-use insecticide containers.
3. Do not throw left-over insecticide in canals, streams or garbage.

The "4 S Against Dengue"

- **Search and Destroy breeding places of dengue-causing mosquitoes such as old tires, coconut husks, roof gutters, discarded bottles, flower vases and other containers that can hold clean stagnant water; use**

- **Self-protection Measures such as wearing of long-sleeve shirts and long pants and using mosquito repellants;**
- **Seek Early Consultation when early signs such as fever and rashes set in; and**

• **Say No to Indiscriminate Fogging except for outbreak**

DOH it na!

Para sa karangdahan impormasyon, tumawag sa:

National Center for Disease
Prevention & Control
7116808/7438301 local 2350-2352



National Center for Health Promotion
Department of Health
Manila

GUIDELINES

ON



FOGGING OPERATIONS